

**ON SOME EXTENSIONS OF QUATERNIONS**

**By**

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Sir William Rowan Hamilton.

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Sir W. R. Hamilton read a paper on some extensions of quaternions:

Besides some general remarks on associative polynomes, and on some extensions of the modular property, Sir W. R. Hamilton remarked that if, in the quadrinomial expression

$$Q = w + \iota x + \kappa y + \lambda z,$$

the laws of the symbols  $\iota \kappa \lambda$  be determined by the following formula of vector-multiplication,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(A) } \dots \quad & (\iota x + \kappa y + \lambda z)(\iota x' + \kappa y' + \lambda z') \\ & = (m_1^2 - l_2 l_3) x x' + (l_1 m_1 - m_2 m_3)(y z' + z y') \\ & + (m_2^2 - l_3 l_1) y y' + (l_2 m_2 - m_3 m_1)(z x' + x z') \\ & + (m_3^2 - l_1 l_2) z z' + (l_3 m_3 - m_1 m_2)(x y' + y x') \\ & + (\iota l_1 + \kappa m_3 + \lambda m_2)(y z' - z y') \\ & + (\kappa l_2 + \lambda m_1 + \iota m_3)(z x' - x z') \\ & + (\lambda l_3 + \iota m_2 + \kappa m_1)(x y' - y x'), \end{aligned}$$

then this expression, which he proposes to call a QUADRINOME, has many properties (associative, modular, and others), analogous to the quaternions; which latter are indeed only that *case* of such quadrinomes, for which,

$$l_1 = l_2 = l_3 = 1, \quad m_1 = m_2 = m_3 = 0, \quad \iota = i, \quad \kappa = j, \quad \lambda = k.$$

He has, however, found another distinct sort of associative quadrinomial expression, which has also several analogous properties, and for which he suggests the name of TETRADS; the product of two vectors being in it,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(B) } \dots \quad & (l x + m y + n z)(l x' + m y' + n z') \\ & + (\kappa n - \lambda m)(y z' - z y') + (\lambda l - \iota n)(z x' - x z') + (\iota m - \kappa l)(x y' - y x'). \end{aligned}$$