THE LONG TITLE OF THE VERY CRAZY ARTICLE OR HOW TO USE AMUC.CLS

F. ANONYMOUS AND S. ANONYMOUS

ABSTRACT. This article describes simply how to use amuc.cls.

1. FIRST SECTION

The article can be written the same way as the standard article.cls or more precisely amsart.cls. It means, the environments as

\begin{align}...\end{align}
\begin{align*}...\end{align*}

•••

can also be used.

The bold style is used for emphasized words.

If you need to use mathematical symbols as $\mathbb R,$ use

\usepackage{amsfonts}

at the beginning of the document and use the standard macros as \mathbb{L} ...

1.1. First subsection

Theorem 1.1 (Fermat). The first theorem ... – the theorems are written in italic style.

Theorem 1.2. The second theorem ...

Definition 1.3. In the journal, the definitions and remarks are not written in italic style.

Lemma 1.4. The lemma – again in italic style.

Proof. The environment "proof" is defined automatically. \Box

Proof of Theorem 1.1. The environment "proof" is defined automatically and the word "Proof" can be changed as optional argument. \Box

Received \ldots

²⁰⁰⁰ Mathematics Subject Classification. Primary 35R35, 49M15, 49N50.

Key words and phrases. fun, amuc.

The authors gratefully acknowledge the financial support from the project XY.

F. ANONYMOUS AND S. ANONYMOUS

Proof. The environment "proof" with the star is also defined automatically and it can be use, when the symbol \Box for "end proof" should not be given.

Remark. You can also very simply to define unnumbered environments.

Acknowledgement. Thank you Peter Pan for helpful comment to this article.

References

 Russo D., Bresler E., Shani U. and Parker J. C., Analysis of infiltration events in relation to determining soil hydraulic properties by inverse problem methodology, Water Resources Research 27 (1991), 1361–1373.

F. Anonymous, Fun street 26, 876 67 Fun, Funland, *current address*: Sun street, Sunland, *e-mail*: fanonymous@fun.xy, http://www.anonymous.com/ anonymous

S. Anonymous, University of ...,

^{2.} ____, Analysis of ..., 177–199.